



Department of Agriculture
Cayman Islands Government

CONDITIONS GOVERNING THE IMPORTATION OF DOGS AND CATS INTO THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

The Animals Act (2026 Revision)

Please read the following information carefully, as the requirements may be different from those of other countries. Failure to meet these requirements exactly as outlined below will result in your dog or cat being refused entry into the Cayman Islands. Your local veterinarian will be able to help you with adhering to the requirements. Please provide a copy of the import conditions to the veterinarian who will be preparing your pet for entry into the Cayman Islands.

A. PERMIT TO IMPORT

All dogs and cats entering the Cayman Islands must be accompanied by an **Import Permit** issued by the Cayman Islands Department of Agriculture. You **must** provide evidence that your dog or cat complies with all of our import requirements before we will issue an Import Permit. The application form is located within the contents of this document. All correspondence and **copies** of the application documents should be written legibly in English, and can be submitted for consideration up to six months in advance of travel (see section B8 for further details). Submission options are listed below in order of preference:

1. **Copies**, scanned and emailed as attachments to ci.agriculturevs@gov.ky
2. **Copies**, delivered in person to the physical address listed below
3. **Copies**, delivered via expedited courier service (e.g. FedEx, DHL, etc.) to the physical address listed below

Mailing address: Veterinary Services Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 459 Grand Cayman KY1-1106 Cayman Islands	Physical address: 181 Lottery Road, Lower Valley Bodden Town, Grand Cayman Cayman Islands	Tel: (345) 947-3090 Email: ci.agriculturevs@gov.ky Website: www.doa.gov.ky
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B. IMPORT REQUIREMENTS

In order to bring your dog or cat into the Cayman Islands, the following procedures must be carried out **in the order shown below**:

1). Microchip requirements

Your dog or cat must **first** be permanently identified with a microchip transponder and a microchip implant certificate issued.

Proof of the date of implant is required. *As of March 1st, 2019, all animals receiving new microchips should have International*

Standards Organisation (ISO)-compliant (15-digit, numerical) microchips implanted. Animals with microchips implanted prior to March 1st 2019 will be accepted with an ISO-compatible (10 or more alphanumeric characters) microchip. For animals which have multiple microchips (active and inactive,) all microchip numbers must be recorded on all documentation required for the importation of your dog or cat. Once implanted, the microchip must be scanned prior to completing each step of the importation process (e.g. prior to rabies vaccination, prior to rabies titre testing, at the time of health certificate examination prior to tick and tapeworm administration).

2). Rabies vaccination

After identification, a licensed veterinarian using an approved inactivated or recombinant vaccine must then vaccinate your dog or cat against rabies and issue a rabies vaccination certificate. Note that 1-year, 2-year, and 3-year vaccinations are recognised. *If your veterinary clinic does not have a (rabies) vaccination certificate template, then the template provided in Appendix V should be used. Your dog or cat must be at least twelve (12) weeks old before the primary (first) rabies vaccine is given. Subsequent booster vaccinations must be administered one year later in accordance with the guidelines outlined in Appendix VI. Only after that second vaccination can the interval for*

revaccination be extended legally to 2 or 3 years with a product that has 2-year or 3-year duration of immunity label. Any lapse with revaccination may result in your dog or cat being ineligible to enter the Cayman Islands. All rabies vaccination certificates must be provided for any pet that has received a 3-year validity rabies vaccine.

The microchip number must be recorded on the rabies vaccination certificate. Vaccination certificates without a microchip number will not be accepted. The rabies vaccination certificate must also contain the make, serial number, validity of the vaccination, and lot expiry date of the vaccine product used. If your dog or cat was vaccinated before being fitted with a microchip, it must be re-vaccinated.

For 'no rabies risk' jurisdictions, a rabies vaccine is considered valid for entry 30 days after the vaccination date.

3). Rabies titre testing and eligibility to enter

A blood test must be taken after vaccination to confirm the presence of protective antibodies against rabies. The blood test, a Fluorescent Antibody Virus Neutralising Test (FAVN), must be carried out by a laboratory approved by the Cayman Islands Department of Agriculture for carrying out such a test no less than 30 days after the most recent rabies vaccination. The test result must show a serum antibody level of at least 0.5 IU/ml and must bear the animal's microchip number. **Test results bearing the wrong microchip number will not be accepted and a new test will have to be carried out.** A list of major approved laboratories can be found in Appendix III. Please contact us at ci.agriculturevs@gov.ky for information on other potential laboratories.

Your dog or cat will be eligible for entry into the Cayman Islands based on the rabies risk status of the country/territory of origin. To continue to be eligible to enter the Cayman Islands without delay, the titre test must be repeated on/before the 12-month expiration date

Provided that the titre test result is within its 12-month validity, the following eligibility options will apply:

- For animals entering from 'no' rabies-risk territories- no titre test is required.
- For animals entering from 'low' rabies-risk territories- eligible for entry for no less than 2 months following the blood draw which provided the successful titre test result
- For animals entering from 'high' rabies-risk territories- eligible for entry for no less than 3 months following the blood draw which provided the successful titre test result

Please refer to Section E for a detailed explanation of risk status assignment. For a full list of territories/countries, please see Appendix IV of this document. If your country of interest is not listed, please contact us at ci.agriculturevs@gov.ky for further information.

4). Tick and tapeworm treatment

Within 14 days of the scheduled date of travel to the Cayman Islands your dog or cat must be treated for tapeworms and ticks. The treatment must be recorded on the Official Veterinary Health Certificate.

- For tapeworms: a preparation containing ***praziquantel*** at a dose rate of 5mg/kg body weight.
- For ticks: a 'systemic' preparation known to have residual action. Approved product ingredients include fipronil, amitraz, pyrethrins, permethrins, and isoxazolines.

NOTE: The following products are NOT acceptable: Shampoos, collars, preparations that are licensed for control of fleas only (e.g. Program® Advantage®, Revolution® or Sentinel®).

5). Health Certificate

Also, within 14 days of the scheduled date of travel, your dog or cat must be examined and issued with a Veterinary Health Certificate. Incomplete health certificates will not be accepted.

A Veterinary Health Certificate must be completed and hand signed (digital signature for US vets) by a licensed veterinarian who is accredited by the official government authority of the exporting country to perform health examinations for the purpose of dog and cat exportation. Endorsement of dog and cat health certificates by an official veterinarian employed full time by the government of the country of origin (e.g. USDA in the USA, CFIA in Canada, DEFRA in the UK) is dependant solely on the legal requirements of the country of export. However, in the absence of an accreditation programme for the exportation of dogs and cats in the country of export, the veterinary health certificate will need to be endorsed by a veterinarian in full-time employment of the official government authority.

The Veterinary Health Certificate is valid for a period of 14 days only, from the date the pet was examined and the tick and tapeworm treatments administered.

The veterinary health certificate must have the following information:

- 1) A unique certificate number;
- 2) The country of origin of the animal;
- 3) The name and address of the;
 - a) consignor (sender)
 - b) consignee (receiver)
- 4) A description of the animal(s) to be imported; (Species, Breed, Sex and status {spayed, neutered, intact}, Age and Coat colour);
- 5) The microchip identification number of the animal(s), location of the microchip and date of microchip implant;
- 6) Information on the last rabies vaccination (date administered, the vaccine name, its manufacturer and batch number must be on the certificate);
- 7) The type and date of other/routine vaccinations administered;
- 8) If applicable, the seal number of the container in which the animal is being transported along with the signature and stamp of the official affixing the seal. (*See part G Transportation Instructions*);
- 9) Certification statements as outlined below
- 10) Accreditation number of the certifying veterinarian

The veterinary health certificate must have the following statements:

- a. As best as can be ascertained, the animal(s) is/are not infected with any communicable disease and is free from external parasites.
- b. After due enquiry, I am satisfied that: (*delete statements which are not applicable*)
 - i. The animal(s) has/have been resident in the country of export since birth, or continuously for the past three (3) months; or
 - ii. The animal(s) has/have been in one or more 'no' rabies-risk countries for the past three (3) months; or
 - iii. The animal(s) has/have been in one or more 'low' rabies-risk countries for the past three (3) months; or
 - iv. The animal(s) has/have been in one or more 'high' rabies-risk countries for the past three (3) months
 - v. The animal(s) was/were originally from the Cayman Islands
 - vi. The animal(s) is/are travelling by sea
 - vii. Country of origin of animal(s) {if in transit}: _____
- c. After due enquiry, I am satisfied that the animal(s) has/have not been present within the past three (3) months in an officially quarantined or designated rabies area.
- d. The animal(s) has/have been treated on the day of examination with an acaricidal preparation, which is known to have residual action against ticks (include the name of the acaricidal product).
- e. The animal(s) has/have been treated on the day of examination with a preparation containing praziquantel at a dose rate of 5mg/kg body weight, which is known to be effective against tapeworms (include the name of the tapeworm product).
- f. The microchip(s) was/were scanned at the time of physical examination and prior to the administration of tick and tapeworm treatment.
- g. The animal(s) was/were subjected to a neutralising antibody titration test within the past 12 months with a result of 0.5IU/ml or greater (attach a copy of the rabies titre laboratory report).

The certificate should be written in legible English. In such circumstances as may be warranted, it should also be written in a language understood by the certifying veterinarian. A certifying veterinarian should have no conflict of interest with the animals he/she is certifying.

6). Routine vaccinations

All current routine vaccinations must be recorded on the official health certificate, supported by a signed vaccination certificate. Failure to do so will result in your animal being ineligible for entry. Mandatory routine vaccinations for dogs include distemper, hepatitis, and parvovirus. Mandatory routine vaccinations for cats include panleukopenia, herpesvirus, and calicivirus.

7). Arrival details

You must give **at least 48** hours' notice of expected date and time of arrival, along with details of the vessel or airline if such information was not provided on the application form or the travel arrangements have changed (e.g. Date of arrival, Airline and flight number). (*See part G: Transportation Instructions.*)

8). Application submission

As per the enclosed checklist (Appendix II), the following items should be submitted with your application:

Items required to open an application file (this can be done up to six {6} months prior to entry):

- Completed application form
- Completed breed declaration form (dogs only)

Items which should be submitted to add to your file (up to six {6} months prior to entry):

- Copy of the microchip implant certificate, or any document showing the date of microchip implantation
- Current colour photo of your pet (full body)
- Copy /copies of rabies vaccination certificates for rabies vaccinations administered after microchip implant
- Copy of the official rabies titre laboratory report (no intermediary laboratory reports are accepted)
- A non-refundable application fee (single entry: CI\$50.00 (US\$61.00)); payable to **Cayman Islands Government***

Item which should be submitted to add to your file **within fourteen (14) days prior to entry:**

- Copy of the Veterinary Health Certificate

****Accepted forms of local payments are Cayman Islands and United States cash, local bank transfers, credit and debit cards.***

****International payments can only be made via wire transfers payable to the Cayman Islands Government – no personal cheques, credit or debit cards are accepted). Please contact us for wire payment instruction.***

Once complete documentation is received and the application fee is paid, the application will be processed and a reply given to you within **three (3) working days**.

9). Issuance of the import permit

If successful, an import permit will be issued and sent via email. Unless otherwise specified, the import permit is valid for 14 days from the date the pet was examined, and the tick and tapeworm treatments administered.

C. PROHIBITIONS TO IMPORTATION

- 1) In accordance with the Animals Law (2015 Revision), no animal of any description may be imported (directly) into the Cayman Islands from any country in Asia, Africa or Central and South America.
- 2) Certain breeds of dogs or crosses of such breeds are not allowed to be imported into the Cayman Islands. Genetic material such as semen and embryos from these breeds is also not eligible for entry into the Cayman Islands. All applications for the importation of dogs into the Cayman Islands must be accompanied by a written declaration from the owner/agent of owner attesting that the dog to be imported does not belong to or is not crossed with one or more of the following breeds or type of dogs. (**See Appendix I**) In addition, the applicant must provide a colour photograph(s) of the dog at the time of application that shows the true likeness of the dog.

These breeds include:

- a. **Pit Bull Terrier and its breed types;**
- b. **Dogo Argentino and its breed types;**
- c. **Fila Brasileiro and its breed types;**
- d. **Japanese Tosa and its breed types; and**
- e. **any breed of dog or crossbreed of dog whose breeding lineage was for the primary purpose of dog fighting. *.**

3) Regulation of Cross Breeds

Cross breeds that include any of the prohibited breeds listed above are **not considered prohibited dogs**, provided that they comply with the following import conditions:

- The dog must be **spayed or neutered**, and veterinary proof must accompany the import application
- The dog **cannot be imported if pregnant**

4) Prohibited Purebred Dogs Originating in the Cayman Islands

Prohibited purebred dogs that **originate from within the Cayman Islands** may **exit and re-enter** the Islands under the following strict conditions:

- The dog must be **spayed or neutered**, with **veterinary proof** submitted at the time of re-entry application;
- The dog **cannot be imported or re-enter the Islands if pregnant**; and

Proof of **origin within the Cayman Islands** must accompany the application.

Prohibited purebred dogs **not originating** in the Cayman Islands **are not allowed entry** under any circumstances

D. ELIGIBILITY FOR IMPORTATION

These conditions apply to specified countries or territories, each with their own category assignment based on rabies risk. The risk assignments have been made based on the following criteria:

- i. 'No' rabies-risk: territories in which indigenous rabies is absent in terrestrial animals
- ii. 'Low' rabies-risk: territories in which rabies is present in wild animals, but not in companion animals
- iii. 'High' rabies-risk: territories in which rabies is present in both wild and companion animals, or territories for which there are no data to prove otherwise

For a full list of territories/countries, please see Appendix IV of this document. If your territory/country of interest is not listed, please contact us at ci.agriculturevs@gov.ky for further information.

Pets must have been resident in the country of origin/export for at least 3 months prior to entry.

Note that animals travelling by sea (e.g. on yachts, boats, cruise ships, and cargo vessels) will fall into the 'high risk' category.

E. NOTES ON THE ANIMAL PASSPORT/MULTIPLE ENTRY IMPORT PERMIT

There is a Multiple Entry Import Permit /Cayman Islands Animal Passport (Non-refundable Application fee CI \$150.00 (US\$183.00)) available: valid for a period of one year. This permit is appropriate for dogs and cats travelling to and from the Cayman Islands more than three (3) times a year. With this permit, there is no need to apply for an import permit with each entry. **Your dog or cat must be resident in the Cayman Islands at the time of application for an Animal Passport. Three (3) successful round trips must be completed with your pet before meeting the eligibility requirements for a multiple entry import permit/ Cayman Islands Animal Passport. The passport is only for travel into the Cayman Islands, and is NOT accepted by any other country as an import permit.**

- i. The Animal Passport expires one year after the date of issue and can be renewed on an annual basis provided that there is no lapse in the rabies booster vaccination and the rabies titre test with successful results.

- ii. When applying for renewal of the passport you must submit copies of any new rabies vaccination certificates received since the last rabies vaccination was entered in the pet passport.
- iii. Laboratory tests to determine the level of protection must be performed every 12 months. These test results must also be provided when applying for renewal of a multiple entry permit/passport.
- iv. If your dog or cat's stay outside the Cayman Islands is more than 14 days, a new Official Veterinary Health Certificate (Section C.) must be obtained and presented along with the passport every time the animal re-enters the Cayman Islands.
- v. Under most circumstances, a dog or cat qualifying under these conditions may leave and re-enter the Cayman Islands having obtained a Veterinary Health Certificate (Export Permit) and treated for ticks and tapeworm provided the length of stay abroad is less than 14 days without having to obtain a new Veterinary Health Certificate.

F. TRANSPORTATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. All animals travelling to the Cayman Islands must do so by the most direct route possible.
- 2. Animals travelling by air must be carried in an approved container, which meets standards set by the International Air Transport Association (IATA).
- 3. All documents accompanying the animal must be affixed to the container.
- 4. If travelling through a prohibited country or territory as described in section D1, the door of the container must be sealed with a government-approved seal in the country of origin before the animal is loaded onto the aircraft or vessel with the number on the seal entered onto the health certificate by an airline or government official (e.g. agriculture, customs, etc.).

G. INSPECTION ON ARRIVAL

Possession of a valid Import Permit does not guarantee entry. All animals and documents are subject to examination at the port of entry by an Agricultural Health Inspector. **Note that the original health certificate document must be presented at the time of animal inspection. All other relevant documents can be submitted as copies at the time of animal inspection. If the animal is unable to be inspected safely sans restraint, it is the obligation of the owner to travel with an appropriate equipment (e.g. muzzle).** Should the animal fail to meet entry requirements, the Director of Agriculture (or designate), discretionally, and at the expense of the importer, may order that the animal be refused entry and returned immediately, or be destroyed. **Detention or quarantine is NOT an option in the Cayman Islands.**

H. SERVICE ANIMALS

It should be noted that no differentiations or exemptions in meeting our entry requirements is granted for service and support animals, irrespective of the country or territory of origin. Service animals **MUST** be **restrained** upon disembarking the aircraft/vessel, and **must be identified via appropriate vests.**

I. BROKERS

A list of local companies known to be offering pet relocation services can be found on the Department of Agriculture's website www.doa.gov.ky. **The list is for information purposes only.** Inclusion of any company on this list should not be interpreted as an endorsement of the said company or the services that are offered. The list is not exhaustive and may not contain the name of every company offering these services in the Cayman Islands. Any company wishing to be added or removed from the posted list should contact the DoA by email at CI.AgricultureVS@gov.ky

J. PENALTIES:

Failure to comply with the above import conditions is an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars (CI\$500.00) and to imprisonment for six months. The animal(s) under Law may be ordered to be destroyed or otherwise dealt with at the discretion of the Director of Agriculture, or designate.

All dogs staying in the Cayman Islands for longer than 30 days must be licensed with the Cayman Islands Department of Agriculture.

*Please contact the Cayman Islands Department of Agriculture for the list of breeds that fall under this category for the purposes of importation.

K. PRIVATE VESSELS / CRUISE SHIP PASSENGERS:

1. Passengers Disembarking a Vessel / Cruise Ship requirements:

All passengers disembarking a vessel / cruise ship must submit an import application prior to travel date and meet all listed requirements as regular dogs and cats imported at the airport.

Import applications can be submitted up to six (6) months prior to travel date.

2. Passengers NOT Disembarking a Vessel / Cruise Ship Requirements:

Must provide the following documents within 14 days prior to arrival:

- Proof of microchip implantation date – submission options: microchip certificate, proof of payment or invoice for a microchip or any Veterinary health record showing the date when the microchip was implanted.
- Proof of current rabies vaccination certificate
- Official Veterinary health certificate with tick and tapeworm treatment issued within 14 days of arrival in the Cayman Islands

A letter of confirmation will be emailed to the client for the approval to board the vessel/cruise ship, however the animal will not be allowed to disembark the vessel/cruise ship at any-time while on Cayman Islands waters.

APPLICATION FOR A SINGLE-ENTRY IMPORT PERMIT FOR THE IMPORTATION OF DOGS AND CATS INTO THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

The Animals Law (2015 Revision)

One form should be completed for each dog or cat.

I. Consignor (Sender): _____

Overseas Address: _____

Country: _____

Consignee (Receiver): _____

Cayman Address (in full): _____

II. Species of animal: Dog ☐ Cat ☐

Age or date of birth: _____

Sex and status: Male ☐ Female ☐ Spayed/Neutered ☐ Intact ☐

Breed: _____

Colour and Markings: _____

Origin of Animal: _____
(State/Region/Country)

Countries animal visited: _____
(last 6 months)

Microchip number: _____ (see section B1 and Appendix II for details on approved microchips)

Anatomical Location of Microchip: _____ **Date of Implant:** _____

Name of Animal: _____

III. SIGNATURE AND CONTACT INFORMATION SECTION (REQUIRED)

Signature of Applicant: _____ Date: _____

Contact Information: Cell: _____ Home: _____

Email: _____

IV. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:(if unknown now submit information within 48 hours of arrival)

Carrier/Flight Number: _____

Date and Time of Arrival: _____

Date of Departure: _____

NOTES:

1. When submitting your application, please include a full body, colour photo of your dog or cat.
2. Only submit copies of the required documentation when applying for your pet's import permit.

Appendix I: DOG BREED DECLARATION

THIS DECLARATION IS TO BE COMPLETED BY OR ON BEHALF OF AN IMPORTER OF A DOG INTO THE CAYMAN ISLANDS THAT IS NOT ORIGINATING FROM THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Importation into the Cayman Islands of a dog not originating from the Cayman Islands that belongs to or is crossed to one or more of the breeds or type of dog listed below is not allowed.

OWNER/AGENT INFORMATION

Full name of importer or importer's agent:

Date of Birth:

Home address:

Telephone (Home): (Mobile):

DOG INFORMATION

Name of dog: Age: Breed:

Male ☐ Female ☐ Spayed/Neutered ☐ Intact ☐

Microchip #: (see section B1 and Appendix II for details on approved microchips)

I, solemnly and sincerely declare that to the best of my knowledge the dog to which this declaration relates does not belong to or is not a cross of one or more of the following breeds or type of dogs:

These breeds include:

- a. Pit Bull Terrier and its breed types;
- b. Dogo Argentino and its breed types;
- c. Fila Brasileiro and its breed types;
- d. Japanese Tosa and its breed types; and
- e. any breed of dog or crossbreed of dog whose breeding lineage was for the primary purpose of dog fighting*

I make this declaration believing it to be true and correct.

Date:

Signature of person making declaration:

Declared at [place]:

Penalties: Restricted dogs illegally imported into the Cayman Islands based on a false declaration will be immediately destroyed. Failure to comply with the above import conditions is an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars (CIS\$500.00) and to imprisonment for six months.

*Please contact the Cayman Islands Department of Agriculture for the list of breeds that fall under this category for the purposes of importation.

Appendix II: DOG AND CAT IMPORT CHECKLIST

Checklist for cats and dogs being prepared for importation into the Cayman Islands

Use this checklist as a guide when submitting your pet's importation application

IMPORT CONDITION	Yes	No
MICROCHIPPING		
My pet has been microchipped for the first time on or after March 1 st 2019 with an ISO-compliant (15 digit, numerical) microchip, OR, my pet was microchipped prior to this date with an ISO-compatible (10 or more alphanumeric characters) microchip.		
I have proof of the date of microchip implant (e.g. proof of payment, a microchip implantation certificate, or a copy of my pet's health record showing the date of microchip implantation).		
The microchip can be read (check with your vet).		
PHOTOGRAPH		
I have included a current, colour, full-body photo of my pet(s).		
RABIES VACCINATION		
My pet was vaccinated in accordance with the guidelines outlined in Appendix VI of these importation conditions.		
The rabies vaccination certificate has the make, serial number, date of expiration, and period of validity listed on it.		
My pet was vaccinated against rabies after it was fitted with an appropriate microchip as described in the 'microchipping' section of this checklist.		
The microchip number has been entered correctly by the veterinarian on the rabies vaccination certificate.		
RABIES TITRE TEST		
The blood sample was taken (at least 30 days) after the rabies vaccination.		
My pet has had a satisfactory blood test at an approved laboratory which was performed during the last 12 months. See section B3 regarding eligibility for entry post successful titre test.		
I have a copy of the blood test result showing the correct microchip number and the date the blood was drawn.		
DOCUMENTATION		
A licensed/accredited veterinarian has correctly filled in the veterinary health certificate based on the information in Section C of these importation conditions.		
The certificate has been endorsed by an official government veterinarian if legally required by the exporting country.		
When travelling, I will have my pet's vaccination record and blood test results, both showing the microchip number.		
TICK AND TAPEWORM TREATMENT		
My pet was treated on the day of examination for the veterinary health certificate with approved treatments within 14 days prior to travel.		
The products used to treat for ticks and tapeworms have been recorded on the veterinary health certificate.		
TRAVELLING TO THE CAYMAN ISLANDS		
If travelling through a country described in Section D of these importation conditions, my pet's crate/travelling container has been officially sealed.		
My pet(s) must travel according to the rules of the airline (IATA) and my carrying container and paperwork conform to IATA rules and regulations.		

Appendix III: LIST OF APPROVED LABORATORIES in the USA & UK

Kansas State University Rabies Laboratory
2005 Research Park Circle
Manhattan, KS 66502 USA
Phone: 785-532-4483
Email: rabies@vet.k-state.edu
<http://www.ksvdl.org/rabies-laboratory/favn-test/Rabies-Search/>

Animal and Plant Health Agency
Woodham Lane, New Haw, Addlestone
Weybridge, Surrey KT15 3NB
United Kingdom
Tel: +44(0) 208 415 2280
Email: lab.services@apha.gov.uk
<http://www.aphascientific.com/>

Auburn University Diagnostic Services
Serology/Virology Lab
261 Greene Hall
Auburn, AL 36849
Tel: 334-844-2659 or 334-844-4539
Fax: 334-844-2652
Email: virology@vetmed.auburn.edu

University of Missouri Veterinary Medicine Diagnostic Laboratory
1509 Rollins Street,
Columbia, MO 65211 USA
Tel: 573-882-8539
Email: smmoore@missouri.edu

For USA Military only
DoD Food Analysis & Diagnostic Laboratory (FADL)
2899 Schofield Road
JBSA Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234
USA
Tel: 210-295-4387
usarmy.jbsa.medcom.list.phc-rabies-favn-sa@health.mil

Any laboratory being used for rabies FAVN titre testing in preparation for animal exportation must be one that is approved by the European Union. Please see link for your reference https://food.ec.europa.eu/animals/movement-pets/designated-laboratories-performing-rabies-antibody-titration-tests/eu-related-countries_en.

Appendix IV: LIST OF TERRITORIES/COUNTRIES BASED ON RISK STATUS

**Risk assessment of each territory is based on a combination of OIE-rabies status/reporting information, surveillance systems in place in each territory, and the presence or absence of rabies in domestic and wild animals in each territory. Please contact the CIDOA at ci.agriculture@gov.ky if your intended country of export is not on this list. Note that the Cayman Islands Department of Agriculture reserves the right to conduct a risk-assessment of the exporting territory/region prior to animal exportation/importation.*

‘No’ rabies-risk territories: no indigenous rabies in terrestrial animals

A American Samoa Andorra Anguilla Antarctica Antigua and Barbuda Aruba Australia Austria Azores	B Bahamas Balearic Islands Barbados Belgium Bermuda British Virgin Islands	C Cabrera, Balearic Islands Channel Islands Christmas Island Cook Islands Corsica Czech Republic, except border with Poland and Slovakia	D Denmark Dominica
E Easter Island	F Faroe Islands Fiji Finland Formentera France French Polynesia	G Germany Gibraltar Greece Guadeloupe Guam	H Hawaii
I Ibiza Iceland Ireland (Republic of) Isle of Man Italy	J Jamaica	K Kiribati	L Liechtenstein Luxembourg
M Majorca Malta Martinique Marshall Islands Menorca Micronesia Monaco Montserrat	N Nauru Netherlands Netherlands Antilles New Caledonia New Zealand Niue Norfolk Island Northern Mariana Islands Norway (mainland)	P Pitcairn Islands Portugal	S St. Kitts and Nevis St. Lucia St. Martin/Marteen St. Pierre and Miquelon St. Vincent and the Grenadines Samoa San Marino Solomon Islands Spain (mainland, Balearic Islands, Canary Islands) Sweden Switzerland
T Tahiti Tokelau Turks and Caicos Islands Tuvalu Tonga	U United Kingdom US Virgin Islands	W Wallis and Futuna Islands	V Vanautu

‘Low’ rabies-risk territories: rabies occurs in wild animals but not in companion animals

B Bulgaria	C Canada Czech Republic (within 50km of border with Poland and Slovakia) Croatia	E Estonia	G Grenada	H Hungary
L Latvia	P Papua New Guinea	S Slovakia Slovenia	T Trinidad and Tobago	U United States of America (mainland)

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‘High’ rabies-risk territories: rabies occurs in wild and companion animals (or there are not data to prove otherwise)

B Belarus Bosnia and Herzegovina	C Cuba	D Dominican Republic	G Greenland	H Haiti	K Kosovo
L Lithuania	M Macedonia Mexico Montenegro	P Poland Puerto Rico	R Romania Russian Federation	S Serbia Svalbard archipelago	U Ukraine

APPENDIX V: PROOF OF VACCINATION CERTIFICATE



PROOF OF VACCINATION CERTIFICATE

Veterinarian	_____
Address	_____ _____ _____
Phone Number	_____
Pet Owner	_____
Address	_____ _____ _____
Phone Number	_____

Pet Information	
Microchip Number <i>(see section B1 and Appendix II for details on approved microchips)</i>	
Name	
Dog ☐ Cat ☐	
Breed	
Sex and Status	Male ☐ Female ☐ Spayed/Neutered ☐ Intact ☐
Colour/Description	
Age	

	Vaccinations Performed		
Vaccine Type (i.e. Rabies, DHP, Lepto, etc.)	Vaccine Make, Serial Number And Lot Expiration Date (dd/mm/yy)	Date of Administration (dd/mm/yy)	Vaccination Valid Until (dd/mm/yy)

Signed: _____

Date: _____

Clinic Stamp

Appendix VI: CAYMAN ISLANDS GUIDELINES FOR RABIES VACCINATIONS FOR DOGS AND CATS

(adapted from the WSAVA vaccination guidelines for dogs and cats)

Vaccination guidelines for rabies-puppies and kittens

- Vaccinate at a minimum of 12 weeks of age. A second booster vaccination may be given 4 weeks after the first vaccination
- Revaccination booster 1 year later
- 1-year, 2-year, and 3-year vaccines are recognised
- Thereafter, revaccination boosters as per manufacturer's recommendation or as required by legal statutes

Vaccination guidelines for rabies- adult dogs and cats

- Administer a single dose
- Revaccination booster 1 year later
- 1-year, 2-year, and 3-year vaccines are recognised
- Thereafter, revaccination boosters as per manufacturer's recommendation or as required by legal statutes

Comments

- All initial rabies vaccinations must be followed 1 year later (no earlier than 9 months and no later than 12 months) by revaccination. **Only after that second vaccination can the interval for revaccination be extended legally to 2 or 3 years with a product that has a 2-year or 3-year duration of immunity label**
- Antibody titres generally reach protective levels 4 weeks (30 days) after vaccination